

HFT
HAMILTON
FINANCIALS
INNOVATION ETF



Hamilton Financials Innovation ETF
(HFT:TSX)



HAMILTON ETFS
FINANCIAL SECTOR SPECIALISTS



Contents

MANAGEMENT REPORT OF FUND PERFORMANCE

Management Discussion of Fund Performance	3
Financial Highlights	8
Past Performance.....	11
Summary of Investment Portfolio	13

MANAGER'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL REPORTING..... 15

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT..... 16

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statements of Financial Position	19
Statements of Comprehensive Income	20
Statements of Changes in Financial Position.....	21
Statements of Cash Flows.....	22
Schedule of Investments.....	23
Notes to Financial Statements	25

MANAGEMENT REPORT OF FUND PERFORMANCE

This annual management report of fund performance for Hamilton Financials Innovation ETF (“HFT” or the “ETF”) contains financial highlights and is included with the audited annual financial statements for the investment fund. You may request a copy of the investment fund’s audited annual financial statements, annual management report of fund performance, current proxy voting policies and procedures, proxy voting disclosure record or quarterly portfolio disclosures, at no cost, by calling (416) 941-9888, by writing to Hamilton Capital Partners Inc. (“Hamilton ETFs” or the “Manager”), at 70 York Street, Suite 1520, Toronto, Ontario, M5J 1S9, by visiting our website at www.hamiltonetfs.com or through SEDAR at www.sedar.com.

This document may contain forward-looking statements relating to anticipated future events, results, circumstances, performance, or expectations that are not historical facts but instead represent our beliefs regarding future events. By their nature, forward-looking statements require us to make assumptions and are subject to inherent risks and uncertainties. There is significant risk that predictions and other forward-looking statements will not prove to be accurate. We caution readers of this document not to place undue reliance on our forward-looking statements as a number of factors could cause actual future results, conditions, actions or events to differ materially from the targets, expectations, estimates or intentions expressed or implied in the forward-looking statements.

Actual results may differ materially from management expectations as projected in such forward-looking statements for a variety of reasons, including but not limited to market and general economic conditions, interest rates, regulatory and statutory developments, the effects of competition in the geographic and business areas in which the ETF may invest and the risks detailed from time to time in the ETF’s prospectus. New risk factors emerge from time to time and it is not possible for management to predict all such risk factors. We caution that the foregoing list of factors is not exhaustive, and that when relying on forward-looking statements to make decisions with respect to investing in the ETF, investors and others should carefully consider these factors, as well as other uncertainties and potential events, and the inherent uncertainty of forward-looking statements. Due to the potential impact of these factors, the Manager does not undertake, and specifically disclaims, any intention or obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, unless required by applicable law.

Management Discussion of Fund Performance

Investment Objective and Strategy

The investment objective of HFT is to seek long-term returns from an actively managed equity portfolio by investing in companies located anywhere in the world that are innovating and supporting the financial services sector primarily through the use of data and technology. The ETF is offered for sale on a continuous basis by its prospectus in class E units (“Class E”) which trade on the Toronto Stock Exchange (“TSX”) under the symbol HFT.

HFT seeks to achieve its investment objective by investing in a portfolio of companies located anywhere around the globe that, in the view of Hamilton ETFs, as the ETF’s portfolio adviser (the “Portfolio Adviser”), have the potential to generate higher earnings/revenue growth by benefiting from secular trends, either through innovating or supporting innovation, as they relate to the use of data and technology in the financial services sector.

This universe of companies includes, but is not limited to, payment processors and networks, asset managers, exchanges, and other financial technology companies as well as those companies supporting that growth through lending including commercial and investment banks, insurance companies, brokerages, and other investment companies. By investing globally, the Portfolio Adviser is acknowledging that technology is less constrained by geography and aims to take advantage of the most attractive opportunities in the financial technology sphere, while managing country and concentration risks. To determine those companies that fit these criteria, the Portfolio Adviser applies specialized analysis and expertise, reviewing a company’s individual attributes, such as valuation, potential for growth, exposure to and investment in technological innovation and changing business trends within the sector.



Management Discussion of Fund Performance (continued)

At any time, it is anticipated that the ETF's portfolio will be made up of between approximately 30 and 60 issuers. HFT will primarily invest in equity securities listed on major global exchanges, including American Depositary Receipts ("ADRs"), and may also, from time to time, invest in preferred securities. The Portfolio Adviser may, at its discretion, hedge some or all of the ETF's non-Canadian dollar currency exposure.

Risk

Investments in the units of the ETF can be speculative, involve a degree of risk and are suitable only for persons who are able to assume the risk of losing their entire investment. The Manager, as a summary for existing investors, is providing the list below of the risks to which an investment in the ETF may be subject. **Prospective investors should read the ETF's prospectus and consider the full description of the risks contained therein before purchasing units.**

The risks to which an investment in the ETF is subject are listed below and have not changed from the list of risks found in the ETF's prospectus. A full description of each risk listed below may also be found in the prospectus. The prospectus is available at www.hamiltonetfs.com or from www.sedar.com, or by contacting Hamilton Capital Partners Inc. directly via the contact information on the back page of this document.

- No assurances on achieving investment objective
- Market risk
- Specific issuer risk
- Equity risk
- Short selling risk
- Legal and regulatory risk
- Cyber security risk
- Foreign stock exchange risk
- Foreign markets risk
- Currency price fluctuations
- Currency exposure risk
- Derivatives risk
- Use of options risk
- Corresponding net asset value risk
- Distributions risk
- Designated broker/dealer risk
- Reliance on key personnel
- Potential conflicts of interest
- Counterparty risk
- Cease trading of securities risk
- No ownership interest
- Exchange risk
- Early closing risk
- Redemption price
- Concentration risk
- Reliance on historical data risk
- Liquidity risk
- Tax risk
- Securities lending, repurchase and reverse repurchase transaction risk
- Fund of funds investment risk
- Exchange-traded funds risk
- Absence of an active market
- No guaranteed return
- Investing outside of North America
- Emerging markets risk
- Volatile market risk
- Changes in the regulatory and competitive environment in global financial services sector
- Performance of banks and financial institutions
- Small capitalization risk
- Real estate income trust investment risk
- Technology obsolescence risk

Management Discussion of Fund Performance (continued)

Results of Operations

For the year ended December 31, 2022, Class E units of the ETF returned -31.86%, when including distributions paid to unitholders. By comparison, the KBW Nasdaq Financial Technology Total Return Index (in Canadian dollars) returned -26.55% and the MSCI World Net Total Return Index (in Canadian dollars) returned -12.44%, respectively, for the same period, both on a total return basis.

The KBW Nasdaq Financial Technology Total Return Index is designed to track the performance of U.S. listed financial technology companies. Securities included in the index leverage technology to deliver financial products and services.

The MSCI World Net Total Return Index is a broad market equity index with more than 1,600 positions, capturing large and mid-cap companies from 23 developed markets around the globe.

Sector Review

Optimism over the post-pandemic recovery trade gave way gradually in 2022 to the reality of higher inflation and the consequent tightening of financial conditions. Forecasts for GDP growth declined and markets weakened, particularly for those stocks with a mix of low current profitability/strong expected growth. The resulting contraction in valuations weighed heavily on some segments of the fintech universe, as many 'hypergrowth' fintech business models were premised on growing sales rapidly to achieve scale beyond which incremental growth would begin contributing to rapidly growing profitability. COVID-19 resulted in an acceleration of trends toward digital finance which brought forward expectations for strong profitability and increased valuations. While fintech adoption rates continue to rise, the pace has slowed in comparison to the heady growth during the pandemic.

The trends toward fintech remain strong, and arguably are more entrenched than ever, despite some headwinds for the vanguard of hypergrowth names. Innovation continues rapidly with incumbents now devoting increasing shares of the budgets toward 'grow the business' technologies and hypergrowth innovators nipping at their heels to create efficiencies for consumers and corporates alike. A material change during the year has been a growing focus on costs at many newer fintech names.

Against this backdrop, the secular trend towards digitization of financial services continues, although rising discount rates and declining growth rates pressured virtually all fintech equities during 2022. In the payments sector, growth trends have been slower but healthy with strong cross-border growth following the reopening of economies and continued moves from cash payments to digital. The battle for market share between incumbent and 'digital native' payments players continues, and while new players' growth rates significantly exceed incumbents, the incumbents' growth rates remain healthy. A challenging capital raising environment saw declines in IPOs and capital issuances; this coupled with the higher Fed funds rate led to retrenchments in the valuations for exchanges, market data and technology stocks to the lowest levels since before COVID.

Portfolio Review

The ETF invests in global financial technology stocks within industries enjoying secular tailwinds such as digital payments, market data and technology, digital investing (including ETF providers), and others. In 2022, the ETF's geographic mix remained primarily weighted to developed markets, and the U.S. was its single largest market (over 80%).

The ETF maintained a diversified portfolio of 30-plus positions split into four key investment categories: (1) digital payments (35-40% of NAV), (2) exchanges and market data companies (30-40%), (3) wealth management (10-15%), and



Management Discussion of Fund Performance (continued)

(4) other financial technology, which includes real estate investment trusts (“REITs”) as well as fintech levered banks (5-15%). The Manager considers REITs a sub-sector of the financials.

Compared to other fintech funds, the ETF benefits from its diverse exposure to multiple investment categories, investment themes and a portfolio balancing positions in profitable financial technology and earlier-stage pure-play fintech innovators. This balance between profitable and disruptive fintech allowed the ETF to avoid the worst of the drawdowns experienced by the sector in 2022, although given the difficult market conditions and the allocation to some disruptive fintech, it has still been a very challenging period.

Among the ETF’s holdings, the lone positive contributor to the ETF’s performance was the London Stock Exchange Group, which has executed on cost initiatives and outperformed investor expectations from the beginning of the year. Its success lends credence to both the international diversification of the ETF and relative stability of exchanges as both financial innovators and lower beta names. In contrast, the ETF’s largest detractors were PayPal and Block, leading-edge financial innovators whose valuations have declined reflecting reductions in their expected growth trajectories, as well as contractions in market multiples.

The Manager may, at its discretion, hedge some or all of the ETF’s non-Canadian dollar currency exposure. As at the end of the period, the ETF’s currency exposure was approximately 90% hedged, with both its U.S. dollar and its euro exposures fully hedged. Overall, currency hedging was a negative contributor to the ETF’s return for 2022, owing to the strong performance of the U.S. dollar.

Outlook

Looking forward, global growth is forecast to remain modest for 2023 (IMF forecast is 2.7%). While slower economic growth may constrain the outlook for global equities, the longer term outlook for financial technology stocks remains favorable fueled by secular tailwinds, most notably the ability of financial technologies to drive increased revenue growth in some instances and greater cost efficiencies in others.

Policy change related to the fintech sector remains a potential source of short term volatility, however the broader trends toward fintech appear inexorable and their target markets are large. When inflation settles, allowing interest rates and market levels to achieve some sort of equilibrium, liquidity should return to markets giving rise to healthier capital raising trends and improved performance from exchanges, market data and technology equities. As a consequence, the outlook for the global fintech sector remains very positive over the longer term.

For additional comments on the sector, please see the Insights section of the Manager’s website: <http://hamiltonetfs.com/insights-commentary/>.

Other Operating Items and Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the ETF generated gross comprehensive income from investments and derivatives (which includes changes in the fair value of the ETF’s portfolio) of (\$5,356,555). This compares to \$1,293,472 for the year ended December 31, 2021. The ETF incurred management, operating and transaction expenses of \$256,131 (2021 – \$274,339) of which \$122,977 (2021 – \$116,643) was either paid or absorbed by the Manager on behalf of the ETF. The waiving and/or absorption of such fees and/or expenses by the Manager may be terminated at any time, or continued indefinitely, at the discretion of the Manager.

The ETF distributed \$38,260 to unitholders during the year (2021 – \$361,757).



Management Discussion of Fund Performance *(continued)*

Presentation

The attached financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board. Any mention of total net assets, net assets, net asset value or increase (decrease) in net assets in the financial statements and/or management report of fund performance is referring to net assets or increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units as reported under IFRS.

Recent Developments

There are no recent industry, management or ETF related developments that are pertinent to the present and future of the ETF.

Related Party Transactions

Certain services have been provided to the ETF by related parties and those relationships are described below.

Manager, Trustee and Portfolio Adviser

The manager, trustee and portfolio adviser of the ETF is Hamilton Capital Partners Inc., 70 York Street, Suite 1520, Toronto, Ontario, M5J 1S9, a corporation incorporated under the laws of the Province of Ontario. The Manager has retained Horizons ETFs Management (Canada) Inc. (the “Administrator”), 55 University Avenue, Suite 800, Toronto, Ontario, M5J 2H7 to provide assistance to the Manager in respect of certain aspects of the day-to-day administration of the ETF.

Any management fees paid to the Manager (described in detail on page 10) are related party transactions, as the Manager is considered to be a related party to the ETF. Fees paid to the Independent Review Committee are also considered to be related party transactions. Both the management fees and fees paid to the Independent Review Committee are disclosed in the statements of comprehensive income in the attached financial statements of the ETF. The management fees payable by the ETF as at December 31, 2022 and 2021, are disclosed in the statements of financial position.



Financial Highlights

The following tables show selected key financial information about the ETF and are intended to help you understand the ETF's financial performance since it effectively began operations on June 1, 2020. This information is derived from the ETF's audited annual financial statements. Please see the first page for information on how you may obtain the annual or interim financial statements.

The ETF's Net Assets per Unit

Year/Period ⁽¹⁾	2022	2021	2020
Net assets, beginning of year/period	\$ 20.65	19.07	16.00
Increase (decrease) from operations:			
Total revenue	0.18	0.20	0.15
Total expenses	(0.18)	(0.23)	(0.13)
Realized gains (losses) for the year/period	(2.69)	(0.03)	0.70
Unrealized gains (losses) for the year/period	(4.81)	1.73	2.82
Total increase (decrease) from operations ⁽²⁾	(7.50)	1.67	3.54
Distributions:			
From net investment income (excluding dividends)	(0.03)	–	(0.02)
From net realized capital gains	–	(0.45)	(0.36)
From return of capital	(0.03)	–	–
Total distributions ⁽³⁾	(0.06)	(0.45)	(0.38)
Net assets, end of year/period ⁽⁴⁾	\$ 14.02	20.65	19.07

1. This information is derived from the ETF's audited annual financial statements.
2. Net assets per unit and distributions are based on the actual number of units outstanding at the relevant time. The increase (decrease) from operations is based on the weighted average number of units outstanding over the financial period.
3. Income, dividend and/or return of capital distributions, if any, are paid in cash, reinvested in additional units of the ETF, or both. Capital gains distributions, if any, may or may not be paid in cash. Non-cash capital gains distributions are reinvested in additional units of the ETF and subsequently consolidated. They are reported as taxable distributions and increase each unitholder's adjusted cost base for their units. Neither the number of units held by the unitholder, nor the net asset per unit of the ETF change as a result of any non-cash capital gains distributions. Distributions classified as return of capital, if any, decrease each unitholder's adjusted cost base for their units.
4. The Financial Highlights are not intended to act as a continuity of the opening and closing net assets per unit.



Financial Highlights (continued)

Ratios and Supplemental Data

Year/Period ⁽¹⁾	2022	2021	2020
Total net asset value (000's)	\$ 4,733	18,849	7,391
Number of units outstanding (000's)	338	913	388
Management expense ratio ⁽²⁾	0.91%	0.90%	0.90%
Management expense ratio before waivers and absorptions ⁽³⁾	1.93%	1.73%	2.36%
Trading expense ratio ⁽⁴⁾	0.07%	0.09%	0.13%
Portfolio turnover rate ⁽⁵⁾	18.29%	16.76%	15.80%
Net asset value per unit, end of year/period	\$ 14.02	20.65	19.07
Closing market price	\$ 14.03	20.67	19.12

1. This information is provided as at December 31 of the years/period shown.
2. Management expense ratio is based on total expenses, including sales tax, (excluding commissions and other portfolio transaction costs) for the stated period and is expressed as an annualized percentage of daily average net asset value during the year/period. Out of its management fees, and waivers and absorptions, as applicable, the Manager pays for such services to the ETF as portfolio manager compensation, service fees and marketing.
3. The Manager, at its discretion, may waive and/or absorb a portion of the fees and/or expenses otherwise payable by the ETF. The waiving and/or absorption of such fees and/or expenses by the Manager may be terminated at any time, or continued indefinitely, at its discretion.
4. The trading expense ratio represents total commissions and other portfolio transaction costs expressed as an annualized percentage of daily average net asset value during the year/period.
5. The ETF's portfolio turnover rate indicates how actively its portfolio investments are traded. A portfolio turnover rate of 100% is equivalent to the ETF buying and selling all of the securities in its portfolio once in the course of the year. Generally, the higher the portfolio turnover rate in a year, the greater the trading costs payable by the ETF in the year, and the greater the chance of an investor receiving taxable capital gains in the year/period. There is not necessarily a relationship between a high turnover rate and the performance of the ETF.



Financial Highlights (continued)**Management Fees**

The Manager provides, or oversees the provision of, administrative services required by the ETF including, but not limited to: negotiating contracts with certain third-party service providers, such as custodians, registrars, transfer agents, auditors and printers; authorizing the payment of operating expenses incurred on behalf of the ETF; arranging for the maintenance of accounting records for the ETF; preparing reports to unitholders and to the applicable securities regulatory authorities; calculating the amount and determining the frequency of distributions by the ETF; preparing financial statements, income tax returns and financial and accounting information as required by the ETF; ensuring that unitholders are provided with financial statements and other reports as are required from time to time by applicable law; ensuring that the ETF complies with all other regulatory requirements, including the continuous disclosure obligations of the ETF under applicable securities laws; administering purchases, redemptions and other transactions in units of the ETF; and dealing and communicating with unitholders of the ETF. The Manager provides office facilities and personnel to carry out these services, if not otherwise furnished by any other service provider to the ETF. The Manager also monitors the investment strategies of the ETF to ensure that the ETF complies with its investment objectives, investment strategies and investment restrictions and practices.

In consideration for the provision of these services, the Manager receives a monthly management fee at the annual rate of 0.75%, plus applicable sales taxes, of the net asset value of the ETF, calculated and accrued daily and payable monthly in arrears.

Any expenses of the ETF that are waived or absorbed by the Manager are paid out of the management fees received by the Manager.

The Manager paid substantially more than 100% of the management fees it received from the ETF during the year towards marketing and promotional costs, and towards the fees associated with the managerial, portfolio management and portfolio advisory services provided to the ETF.

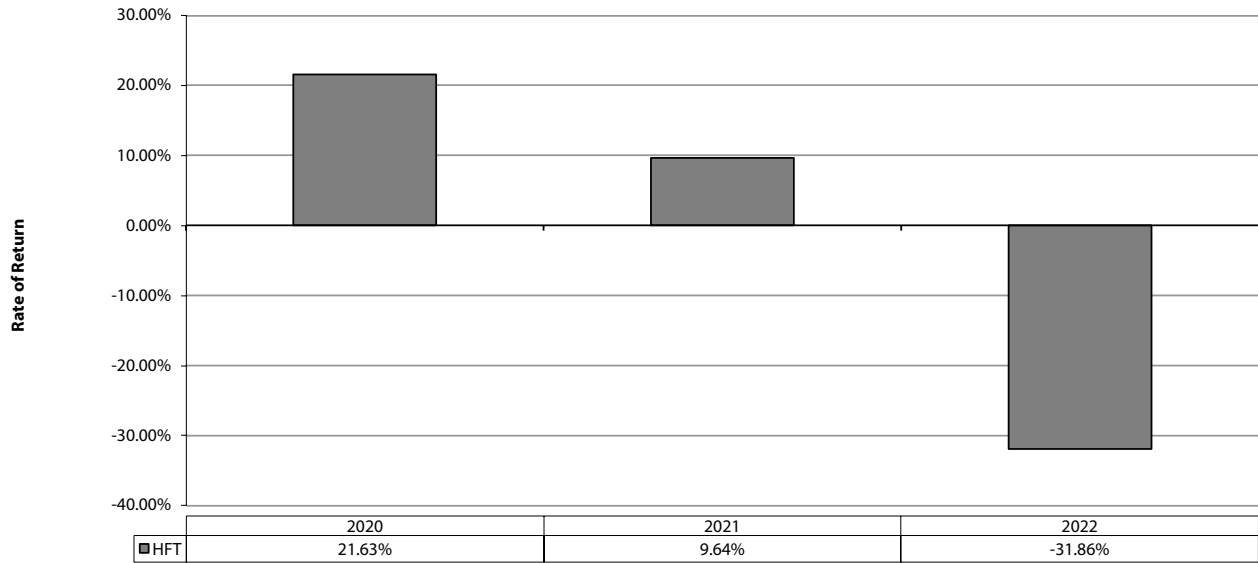


Past Performance

Commissions, management fees, expenses and applicable sales taxes all may be associated with an investment in the ETF. Please read the prospectus before investing. The indicated rates of return are the historical total returns including changes in unit value and reinvestment of all distributions, and do not take into account sales, redemptions, distributions or optional charges or income taxes payable by any investor that would have reduced returns. An investment in the ETF is not guaranteed. Its value changes frequently and past performance may not be repeated. The ETF's performance numbers assume that all distributions, if any, are reinvested in additional units of the ETF. If you hold this ETF outside of a registered plan, income and capital gains distributions that are paid to you increase your income for tax purposes whether paid to you in cash or reinvested in additional units. The amount of the reinvested taxable distributions is added to the adjusted cost base of the units that you own. This would decrease your capital gain or increase your capital loss when you later redeem from the ETF, thereby ensuring that you are not taxed on this amount again. Please consult your tax advisor regarding your personal tax situation.

Year-by-Year Returns

The following chart presents the ETF's performance for the years/period shown, and illustrates how the performance has changed from period to period. In percentage terms, the chart shows how much an investment made on the first day of the financial period would have grown or decreased by the last day of the financial period.



The ETF effectively began operations on June 1, 2020.

Past Performance (continued)**Annual Compound Returns**

The following table presents the ETF's annual compound total return since inception to December 31, 2022, along with a comparable market index. The table is used only to illustrate the effects of the compound growth rate and is not intended to reflect future values of the ETF or future returns on investments in the ETF.

	1 Year	Since Inception
Hamilton Financials Innovation ETF	-31.86%	-3.64%
KBW Nasdaq Financial Technology Total Return Index in CAD	-26.55%	-0.96%
MSCI World Net Total Return Index in CAD	-12.44%	8.81%

The ETF effectively began operations on June 1, 2020.

**Summary of Investment Portfolio**

As at December 31, 2022

Asset Mix	Net Asset Value	% of ETF's Net Asset Value
U.S. Equities	\$ 3,797,314	80.23%
Global Equities	902,229	19.06%
Currency Forward Hedge*	17,422	0.37%
Cash and Cash Equivalents	19,635	0.41%
Other Assets less Liabilities	(3,327)	-0.07%
	\$ 4,733,273	100.00%

Sector Mix	Net Asset Value	% of ETF's Net Asset Value
Financials	\$ 2,675,794	56.53%
Information Technology	1,910,923	40.37%
Communication Services	112,826	2.39%
Currency Forward Hedge*	17,422	0.37%
Cash and Cash Equivalents	19,635	0.41%
Other Assets less Liabilities	(3,327)	-0.07%
	\$ 4,733,273	100.00%

* Positions in forward contracts are disclosed as the gain/(loss) that would be realized if the contracts were closed out on the date of this report.

**Summary of Investment Portfolio** (continued)

As at December 31, 2022

Top 25 Holdings*	% of ETF's Net Asset Value
Visa Inc.	3.63%
MasterCard Inc.	3.58%
Tradeweb Markets Inc.	3.58%
Charles Schwab Corp. (The)	3.54%
Euronext NV	3.47%
S&P Global Inc.	3.44%
BlackRock Inc.	3.42%
London Stock Exchange Group PLC	3.41%
Fidelity National Information Services Inc.	3.35%
Investnet Inc.	3.33%
Prologis Inc.	3.33%
Adyen NV	3.31%
Intercontinental Exchange Inc.	3.29%
Black Knight Inc.	3.16%
Global Payments Inc.	3.12%
Broadridge Financial Solutions Inc.	3.11%
FleetCor Technologies Inc.	3.11%
MSCI Inc.	3.10%
Moody's Corp.	3.09%
Digital Realty Trust Inc.	3.05%
CME Group Inc.	3.04%
PayPal Holdings Inc.	2.90%
Singapore Exchange Ltd.	2.89%
Nasdaq Inc.	2.88%
Virtu Financial Inc.	2.87%

The summary of investment portfolio may change due to the ongoing portfolio transactions of the ETF. The most recent financial statements are available at no cost by calling (416) 941-9888, by writing to us at 70 York Street, Suite 1520, Toronto, Ontario, M5J 1S9, by visiting our website at www.hamiltonetfs.com or through SEDAR at www.sedar.com.



MANAGER’S RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL REPORTING

The accompanying audited annual financial statements of Hamilton Financials Innovation ETF (the “ETF”) are the responsibility of the manager and trustee to the ETF, Hamilton Capital Partners Inc. (the “Manager”). They have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board using information available and include certain amounts that are based on the Manager’s best estimates and judgements.

The Manager has developed and maintains a system of internal controls to provide reasonable assurance that all assets are safeguarded and to produce relevant, reliable and timely financial information, including the accompanying financial statements.

These financial statements have been approved by the Board of Directors of the Manager and have been audited by KPMG LLP, Chartered Professional Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants, on behalf of unitholders. The independent auditor’s report outlines the scope of their audit and their opinion on the financial statements.

Robert Wessel
Director
Hamilton Capital Partners Inc.

Jennifer Mersereau
Director
Hamilton Capital Partners Inc.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Unitholders of Hamilton Financials Innovation ETF (the "ETF")

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the ETF, which comprise the statements of financial position as at December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the statements of comprehensive income, changes in financial position and cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies (hereinafter referred to as the "financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the ETF as at December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the years then ended, in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our auditor's report.

We are independent of the ETF in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. Other information comprises:

- the information included in the Management Report of Fund Performance filed with the relevant Canadian Securities Commissions.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not and will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit and remain alert for indications that the other information appears to be materially misstated.

We obtained the information included in the Management Report of Fund Performance filed with the relevant Canadian Securities Commissions as at the date of this auditor's report. If, based on the work we have performed on this other information, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact in the auditor's report.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the ETF's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the ETF or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the ETF's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the ETF's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ETF's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the ETF to cease to continue as a going concern.



- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.
- Provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

KPMG LLP

Chartered Professional Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants
The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this auditor's report is Ziad Said.
Toronto, Canada
March 15, 2023



Statements of Financial Position

December 31, 2022 and 2021

	2022	2021
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 19,635	\$ 35,476
Investments	4,699,543	18,672,963
Amounts receivable relating to accrued income	5,445	12,876
Derivative assets (note 3)	18,032	155,377
Total assets	4,742,655	18,876,692
Liabilities		
Accrued management fees	3,459	12,892
Accrued operating expenses	248	931
Distribution payable	5,065	13,690
Derivative liabilities (note 3)	610	-
Total liabilities	9,382	27,513
Total net assets	\$ 4,733,273	\$ 18,849,179
Number of redeemable units outstanding (note 8)	337,673	912,650
Total net assets per unit	\$ 14.02	\$ 20.65

(See accompanying notes to financial statements)

Approved on behalf of the Board of Directors of the Manager:

Robert Wessel
Director

Jennifer Mersereau
Director

**Statements of Comprehensive Income**

For the Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

	2022	2021
Income		
Dividend income	\$ 134,890	\$ 136,918
Securities lending income (note 7)	486	1,109
Net realized loss on sale of investments and derivatives	(1,959,569)	(18,766)
Net realized loss on foreign exchange	(7,556)	(2,512)
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments and derivatives	(3,524,976)	1,176,815
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of foreign exchange	170	(92)
	(5,356,555)	1,293,472
Expenses (note 9)		
Management fees	101,443	118,321
Audit fees	20,599	13,410
Independent Review Committee fees	5,239	5,945
Custodial and fund valuation fees	58,025	58,546
Legal fees	6,201	6,497
Securityholder reporting costs	16,216	17,378
Administration fees	23,974	23,411
Transaction costs	8,544	12,980
Withholding taxes	15,844	17,836
Other expenses	46	15
	256,131	274,339
Amounts that were payable by the investment fund that were paid or absorbed by the Manager	(122,977)	(116,643)
	133,154	157,696
Increase (decrease) in net assets for the year	\$ (5,489,709)	\$ 1,135,776
Increase (decrease) in net assets per unit	\$ (7.50)	\$ 1.67

(See accompanying notes to financial statements)

**Statements of Changes in Financial Position**

For the Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

	2022		2021	
Total net assets at the beginning of the year	\$	18,849,179	\$	7,390,503
Increase (decrease) in net assets		(5,489,709)		1,135,776
Redeemable unit transactions				
Proceeds from the issuance of securities of the investment fund		–		10,512,405
Aggregate amounts paid on redemption of securities of the investment fund		(8,588,351)		–
Securities issued on reinvestment of distributions		414		172,252
Distributions:				
From net investment income		(17,447)		–
From net realized capital gains		–		(361,754)
Return of capital		(20,813)		(3)
Total net assets at the end of the year	\$	4,733,273	\$	18,849,179

(See accompanying notes to financial statements)

**Statements of Cash Flows**

For the Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

	2022	2021
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Increase (decrease) in net assets for the year	\$ (5,489,709)	\$ 1,135,776
Adjustments for:		
Net realized loss on sale of investments and derivatives	1,959,569	18,766
Net realized loss on currency forward contracts	(421,956)	(43,070)
Net change in unrealized depreciation (appreciation) of investments and derivatives	3,524,976	(1,176,815)
Net change in unrealized appreciation of foreign exchange	(21)	(49)
Purchase of investments	(2,180,393)	(12,489,076)
Proceeds from the sale of investments	11,229,179	2,328,725
Amounts receivable relating to accrued income	7,431	(8,676)
Accrued expenses	(10,116)	8,553
Net cash from (used in) operating activities	8,618,960	(10,225,866)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Amount received from the issuance of units	–	10,512,405
Amount paid on redemptions of units	(8,588,351)	–
Distributions paid to unitholders	(46,471)	(318,694)
Net cash from (used in) financing activities	(8,634,822)	10,193,711
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents during the year	(15,862)	(32,155)
Effect of exchange rate fluctuations on cash and cash equivalents	21	49
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	35,476	67,582
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 19,635	\$ 35,476
Dividends received, net of withholding taxes	\$ 126,477	\$ 110,406

(See accompanying notes to financial statements)

**Schedule of Investments**

As at December 31, 2022

Security	Shares/ Contracts	Average Cost	Fair Value
U.S. Equities (80.23%)			
Financials (39.62%)			
BlackRock Inc.	169	\$ 157,966	\$ 162,153
Charles Schwab Corp. (The)	1,485	101,422	167,410
CME Group Inc.	633	163,232	144,127
Digital Realty Trust Inc.	1,062	189,783	144,183
Global Payments Inc.	1,097	233,614	147,524
Intercontinental Exchange Inc.	1,121	160,799	155,714
Nasdaq Inc.	1,640	100,878	136,231
Prologis Inc.	1,032	147,634	157,521
S&P Global Inc.	359	161,721	162,810
Signature Bank	410	160,570	63,963
SVB Financial Group	412	194,352	128,383
Tradeweb Markets Inc., Class 'A'	1,926	231,806	169,325
Virtu Financial Inc.	4,923	160,140	136,048
		2,163,917	1,875,392
Information Technology (38.22%)			
Affirm Holdings Inc.	3,084	153,638	40,379
Black Knight Inc.	1,787	161,192	149,410
Block Inc., Class 'A'	1,364	272,346	116,056
Broadridge Financial Solutions Inc.	810	158,179	147,106
Envestnet Inc.	1,889	182,778	157,810
Fidelity National Information Services Inc.	1,726	279,101	158,566
FleetCor Technologies Inc.	591	194,108	146,983
MasterCard Inc., Class 'A'	360	155,919	169,497
Moody's Corp.	388	155,698	146,374
MSCI Inc.	233	137,541	146,753
PayPal Holdings Inc.	1,421	336,367	137,030
TransUnion	1,578	185,678	121,253
Visa Inc., Class 'A'	611	164,691	171,879
		2,537,236	1,809,096
Communication Services (2.39%)			
Marqeta Inc., Class 'A'	13,638	257,371	112,826
		4,958,524	3,797,314
TOTAL U.S. EQUITIES			
Global Equities (19.06%)			
Netherlands (6.78%)			
Adyen NV	84	200,601	156,861
Euronext NV	1,638	212,675	164,193
		413,276	321,054

**Schedule of Investments** (continued)

As at December 31, 2022

Security	Shares/ Contracts	Average Cost	Fair Value
United Kingdom (5.56%)			
London Stock Exchange Group PLC	1,382	185,440	161,432
Wise PLC, Class 'A'	11,053	164,642	101,827
		350,082	263,259
Singapore (2.89%)			
Singapore Exchange Ltd.	15,083	130,109	136,464
Italy (2.82%)			
Nexi SPA	12,514	272,591	133,602
Brazil (1.01%)			
NU Holdings Ltd. of the Cayman Islands	8,683	45,638	47,850
TOTAL GLOBAL EQUITIES		1,211,696	902,229
DERIVATIVES (0.37%)			
Currency Forwards (0.37%)			
Currency forward contract to buy C\$3,943,107 for US\$2,900,000 maturing February 28, 2023		-	18,032
Currency forward contract to buy C\$435,695 for EUR€300,000 maturing February 28, 2023		-	(610)
		-	17,422
TOTAL DERIVATIVES		-	17,422
Transaction Costs		(6,230)	
TOTAL INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO (99.66%)		\$ 6,163,990	\$ 4,716,965
Cash and cash equivalents (0.41%)			19,635
Other assets less liabilities (-0.07%)			(3,327)
TOTAL NET ASSETS (100.00%)			\$ 4,733,273

(See accompanying notes to financial statements)



Notes to Financial Statements

For the Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

1. REPORTING ENTITY

Hamilton Financials Innovation ETF (“HFT” or the “ETF”) is an investment trust established under the laws of the Province of Ontario by Declaration of Trust on May 11, 2020. The ETF effectively began operations on June 1, 2020. The address of the ETF’s registered office is: c/o Hamilton Capital Partners Inc., 70 York Street, Suite 1520, Toronto, Ontario, M5J 1S9.

The ETF is offered for sale on a continuous basis by its prospectus in class E units (“Class E”) which trade on the Toronto Stock Exchange (“TSX”) in Canadian dollars under the symbol HFT. An investor may buy or sell units of the ETF on the TSX only through a registered broker or dealer in the province or territory where the investor resides. Investors are able to trade units of the ETF in the same way as other securities traded on the TSX, including by using market orders and limit orders and may incur customary brokerage commissions when buying or selling units.

The investment objective of HFT is to seek long-term returns from an actively managed equity portfolio by investing in companies located anywhere in the world that are innovating and supporting the financial services sector primarily through the use of data and technology.

Hamilton Capital Partners Inc. (“Hamilton ETFs” or the “Manager”) is the manager, trustee and portfolio adviser of the ETF. The Manager is responsible for implementing the ETF’s investment strategies.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

(i) Statement of compliance

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board. Any mention of total net assets, net assets, net asset value or increase (decrease) in net assets is referring to net assets or increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units as reported under IFRS.

These financial statements were authorized for issue on March 15, 2023, by the Board of Directors of the Manager.

(ii) Basis of measurement

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for financial instruments at fair value though profit or loss, which are measured at fair value.

(iii) Functional and presentation currency

The financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is the ETF’s functional currency.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements.

**Notes to Financial Statements** (continued)

For the Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

(a) Financial instruments***(i) Recognition, initial measurement and classification***

The ETF is subject to IFRS 9, Financial Instruments (“IFRS 9”) for the classification and measurement requirements for financial instruments, including impairment on financial assets and hedge accounting.

This standard requires assets to be classified based on the ETF’s business model for managing the financial assets and contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets. The standard includes three principal classification categories for financial assets: measured at amortized cost, fair value through other comprehensive income, and fair value through profit and loss (“FVTPL”). IFRS 9 requires classification of debt instruments, if any, based solely on payments of principal and interest and business model tests.

The ETF’s financial assets and financial liabilities are managed and its performance is evaluated on a fair value basis. The contractual cash flows of the ETF’s debt securities, if any, consist solely of principal and interest, however, these securities are neither held in held-to-collect, or held-to-collect-and-sell business models in IFRS 9.

Financial assets and financial liabilities at FVTPL are initially recognized on the trade date, at fair value (see below), with transaction costs recognized in the statements of comprehensive income. Other financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized on the date on which they are originated at fair value.

The ETF classifies financial assets and financial liabilities into the following categories:

- Financial assets mandatorily classified at fair value through profit or loss: debt securities, equity investments and derivative financial instruments
- Financial assets at amortized cost: all other financial assets
- Financial liabilities classified at fair value through profit or loss: derivative financial instruments and securities sold short, if any
- Financial liabilities at amortized cost: all other financial liabilities

(ii) Fair value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date in the principal or, in its absence, the most advantageous market to which the ETF has access at that date. The fair value of a liability reflects its non-performance risk.

Investments are valued at fair value as of the close of business on each day upon which a session of the TSX is held (“Valuation Date”) and based on external pricing sources to the extent possible. Investments held that are traded in an active market through recognized public stock exchanges, over-the-counter markets, or through recognized investment dealers, are valued at their closing sale price. However, such prices may be adjusted if a more accurate value can be obtained from recent trading activity or by incorporating other relevant information that may not have been reflected in pricing obtained from external sources. Short-term investments, including notes and money market instruments, are valued at amortized cost which approximates fair value.

**Notes to Financial Statements** (continued)

For the Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

Investments held that are not traded in an active market, including some derivative financial instruments, are valued using observable market inputs where possible, on such basis and in such manner as established by the Manager. Derivative financial instruments are recorded in the statements of financial position according to the gain or loss that would be realized if the contracts were closed out on the Valuation Date. Margin deposits, if any, are included in the schedule of investments as margin deposits. See also, the summary of fair value measurements in note 6.

Fair value policies used for financial reporting purposes are the same as those used to measure the net asset value (“NAV”) for transactions with unitholders.

The fair value of other financial assets and liabilities approximates their carrying values due to the short-term nature of these instruments.

(iii) Offsetting

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the statements of financial position when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Income and expenses are presented on a net basis for gains and losses from financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss and foreign exchange gains and losses.

(iv) Specific instruments**Cash and cash equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on deposit and short-term, interest bearing notes with a term to maturity of less than three months from the date of purchase.

Forward foreign exchange contracts

Forward foreign exchange contracts, if any, are valued at the current market value thereof on the Valuation Date. The value of these forward contracts is the gain or loss that would be realized if, on the Valuation Date, the positions were to be closed out and recorded as derivative assets and/or liabilities in the statements of financial position and as a net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments and derivatives in the statements of comprehensive income. When the forward contracts are closed out or mature, realized gains or losses on forward contracts are recognized and are included in the statements of comprehensive income in net realized gain (loss) on sale of investments and derivatives. The Canadian dollar value of forward foreign exchange contracts is determined using forward currency exchange rates supplied by an independent service provider.

Redeemable units

The redeemable units are measured at the present value of the redemption amounts and are considered a residual amount of the net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units. They are classified as financial liabilities as a result of the ETF’s requirement to distribute net income and capital gains to unitholders.

**Notes to Financial Statements** (continued)

For the Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

(b) Investment income

Investment transactions are accounted for as of the trade date. Realized gains and losses from investment transactions are calculated on a weighted average cost basis. The difference between fair value and average cost, as recorded in the financial statements, is included in the statements of comprehensive income as part of the net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments and derivatives. Interest income for distribution purposes from investments in bonds and short-term investments, if any, represents the coupon interest received by the ETF accounted for on an accrual basis. Dividend income is recognized on the ex-dividend date. Distribution income from investments in other funds or ETFs is recognized when earned.

Income from derivatives is shown in the statements of comprehensive income as net realized gain (loss) on sale of investments and derivatives; net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments and derivatives; and, interest income for distribution purposes, in accordance with its nature.

Income from securities lending, if any, is included in "Securities lending income" on the statements of comprehensive income and is recognized when earned. Any securities on loan continue to be displayed in the schedule of investments and the market value of the securities loaned and collateral held is determined daily (see note 7).

If the ETF incurs withholding taxes imposed by certain countries on investment income and capital gains, such income and gains are recorded on a gross basis and the related withholding taxes are shown as a separate expense in the statements of comprehensive income.

(c) Foreign currency

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into the ETF's reporting currency using the exchange rate prevailing on the trade date. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the reporting date are translated at the year-end exchange rate. Foreign exchange gains and losses are presented as "Net realized gain (loss) on foreign exchange", except for those arising from financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss, which are recognized as a component within "Net realized gain (loss) on sale of investments and derivatives" and "Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments and derivatives" in the statements of comprehensive income.

(d) Cost basis

The cost of portfolio investments is determined on an average cost basis.

(e) Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units per unit

The increase (decrease) in net assets per unit in the statements of comprehensive income represents the change in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units from operations divided by the weighted average number of units of the ETF outstanding during the reporting year. For management fees please refer to note 9.

(f) Unitholder transactions

The value at which units are issued or redeemed is determined by dividing the net asset value of the class by the total number of units outstanding of that class on the Valuation Date. Amounts received on the issuance of units and amounts paid on the redemption of units are included in the statements of changes in financial position.

**Notes to Financial Statements** (continued)

For the Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

(g) Amounts receivable (payable) relating to portfolio assets sold (purchased)

In accordance with the ETF's policy of trade date accounting for sale and purchase transactions, sales/purchase transactions awaiting settlement, if any, represent amounts receivable/payable for securities sold/purchased, but not yet settled as at the reporting date.

(h) Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units per unit

Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units per unit is calculated by dividing the ETF's net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units by the number of units of the ETF outstanding on the Valuation Date.

(i) Transaction costs

Transaction costs are incremental costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, issue or disposal of an investment, which include fees and commissions paid to agents, advisors, brokers and dealers, levies by regulatory agencies and securities exchanges, and any applicable transfer taxes and duties. Transaction costs are expensed and are included in "Transaction costs" in the statements of comprehensive income.

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

In preparing these financial statements, the Manager has made judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to estimates are recognized prospectively.

The ETF may hold financial instruments that are not quoted in active markets, including derivatives. The determination of the fair value of these instruments is the area with the most significant accounting judgements and estimates that the ETF has made in preparing the financial statements. See note 6 for more information on the fair value measurement of the ETF's financial instruments.

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS RISK

In the normal course of business, the ETF's investment activities expose it to a variety of financial risks. The Manager seeks to minimize potential adverse effects of these risks for the ETF's performance by employing professional, experienced portfolio advisors, by daily monitoring of the ETF's positions and market events, and periodically may use derivatives to hedge certain risk exposures. To assist in managing risks, the Manager maintains a governance structure that oversees the ETF's investment activities and monitors compliance with the ETF's stated investment strategies, internal guidelines and securities regulations.

Please refer to the most recent prospectus for a complete discussion of the risks attributed to an investment in the units of the ETF. Significant financial instrument risks that are relevant to the ETF, and analysis thereof, are presented below.

(a) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as interest rates, equity prices, foreign exchange rates and credit spreads (not relating to changes in the obligor's/issuer's credit standing) will affect the ETF's income or the fair value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimizing the return.

**Notes to Financial Statements** (continued)

For the Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

(i) Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that financial instruments which are denominated in currencies other than the ETF's reporting currency, the Canadian dollar, will fluctuate due to changes in exchange rates and adversely impact the ETF's income, cash flows or fair values of its investment holdings. The ETF may reduce its foreign currency exposure through the use of derivative arrangements such as foreign exchange forward contracts or futures contracts. The following table indicates the foreign currencies to which the ETF had significant exposure as at December 31, 2022 and 2021, in Canadian dollar terms and the potential impact on the ETF's net assets (including the underlying principal amount of future or forward currency contracts, if any), as a result of a 1% change in these currencies relative to the Canadian dollar:

December 31, 2022	Financial Instruments	Currency Forward and/ or Futures Contracts	Total	Impact on Net Asset Value
Currency	(\$000's)	(\$000's)	(\$000's)	(\$000's)
British Pound	264	–	264	3
Euro Currency	458	(436)	22	–
Singapore Dollar	138	–	138	1
U.S. Dollar	3,864	(3,925)	(61)	(1)
Total	4,724	(4,361)	363	3
As % of Net Asset Value	99.8%	-92.1%	7.7%	0.1%

December 31, 2021	Financial Instruments	Currency Forward and/ or Futures Contracts	Total	Impact on Net Asset Value
Currency	(\$000's)	(\$000's)	(\$000's)	(\$000's)
British Pound	898	–	898	9
Euro Currency	1,725	(1,730)	(5)	–
Singapore Dollar	347	–	347	3
U.S. Dollar	15,609	(8,855)	6,754	68
Total	18,579	(10,585)	7,994	80
As % of Net Asset Value	98.6%	-56.2%	42.4%	0.4%

(ii) Interest rate risk

The ETF may be exposed to the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of its financial instruments will fluctuate as a result of changes in market interest rates. In general, the value of interest-bearing financial instruments will rise if interest rates fall, and conversely, will generally fall if interest rates rise. There is minimal sensitivity to interest rate fluctuation on cash and cash equivalents invested at short-term market rates since those securities are usually held to maturity and are short term in nature.

As at December 31, 2022 and 2021, the ETF did not hold any long-term debt instruments and did not have any material exposure to interest rate risk.



Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

For the Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

(iii) Other market risk

Other market risk is the risk that the value of financial instruments will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether caused by factors specific to an individual investment, its issuer, or all factors affecting all instruments traded in a market or market segment. The Manager has implemented internal risk management controls on the ETF which are intended to limit the loss on its trading activities.

The table below shows the estimated impact on the ETF of a 1% increase or decrease in a broad-based market index, based on historical correlation, with all other factors remaining constant, as at the dates shown. In practice, actual results may differ from this sensitivity analysis and the difference could be material. The historical correlation may not be representative of future correlation.

Comparative Index	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
KBW Nasdaq Financial Technology TR Index	\$44,059	\$163,874

(b) Credit risk

Credit risk on financial instruments is the risk of a financial loss occurring as a result of the default of a counterparty on its obligation to the ETF. It arises principally from debt securities held, and also from derivative financial assets, cash and cash equivalents, and other receivables. The ETF's maximum credit risk exposure as at the reporting date is represented by the respective carrying amounts of the financial assets in the statements of financial position. The ETF's credit risk policy is to minimize its exposure to counterparties with perceived higher risk of default by dealing only with counterparties that meet the credit standards set out in the ETF's prospectus and, when necessary, receiving acceptable collateral.

As at December 31, 2022 and 2021, due to the nature of its portfolio investments, the ETF did not have any material credit risk exposure.

(c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the ETF will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The ETF's policy and the Manager's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stress conditions, including estimated redemptions of units, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the ETF's reputation. Generally, liabilities of the ETF are due within 90 days. Liquidity risk is managed by investing the majority of the ETF's assets in investments that are traded in an active market and can be readily disposed. The ETF aims to retain sufficient cash and cash equivalent positions to maintain liquidity; therefore, the liquidity risk for the ETF is considered minimal.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

For the Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

6. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

Below is a classification of fair value measurements of the ETF's investments based on a three level fair value hierarchy and a reconciliation of transactions and transfers within that hierarchy. The hierarchy of fair valuation inputs is summarized as follows:

- Level 1: securities that are valued based on quoted prices in active markets.
- Level 2: securities that are valued based on inputs other than quoted prices that are observable, either directly as prices, or indirectly as derived from prices.
- Level 3: securities that are valued with significant unobservable market data.

Changes in valuation methods may result in transfers into or out of an investment's assigned level. The following is a summary of the inputs used as at December 31, 2022 and 2021, in valuing the ETF's investments and derivatives carried at fair values:

	December 31, 2022			December 31, 2021		
	Level 1 (\$)	Level 2 (\$)	Level 3 (\$)	Level 1 (\$)	Level 2 (\$)	Level 3 (\$)
Financial Assets						
Equities	4,699,543	–	–	18,672,963	–	–
Currency Forward Contracts	–	18,032	–	–	155,377	–
Total Financial Assets	4,699,543	18,032	–	18,672,963	155,377	–
Financial Liabilities						
Currency Forward Contracts	–	(610)	–	–	–	–
Total Financial Liabilities	–	(610)	–	–	–	–
Net Financial Assets and Liabilities	4,699,543	17,422	–	18,672,963	155,377	–

There were no significant transfers made between Levels 1 and 2 as a result of changes in the availability of quoted market prices or observable market inputs during the years shown. In addition, there were no investments or transactions classified in Level 3 for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021.

7. SECURITIES LENDING

In order to generate additional returns, the ETF is authorized to enter into securities lending agreements with borrowers deemed acceptable in accordance with National Instrument 81-102 – *Investment Funds* ("NI 81-102"). Under a securities lending agreement, the borrower must pay the ETF a negotiated securities lending fee, provide compensation to the ETF equal to any distributions received by the borrower on the securities borrowed, and the ETF must receive an acceptable form of collateral in excess of the value of the securities loaned. Although such collateral is marked to market, the ETF may be exposed to the risk of loss should a borrower default on its obligations to return the borrowed securities and the collateral is insufficient to reconstitute the portfolio of loaned securities. Revenue, if any, earned on securities lending transactions during the period is disclosed in the ETF's statements of comprehensive income.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

For the Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

The aggregate closing market value of securities loaned and collateral received as at December 31, 2022 and 2021, was as follows:

As at	Securities Loaned	Collateral Received
December 31, 2022	–	–
December 31, 2021	\$1,327,997	\$1,395,515

Collateral may comprise, but is not limited to, cash and obligations of or guaranteed by the Government of Canada or a province thereof; by the United States government or its agencies; by some sovereign states; by permitted supranational agencies; and short-term debt of Canadian financial institutions, if, in each case, the evidence of indebtedness has a designated rating as defined by NI 81-102.

The table below presents a reconciliation of the securities lending income as presented in the statements of comprehensive income for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021. It shows the gross amount of securities lending revenues generated from the securities lending transactions of the ETF, less any taxes withheld and amounts earned by parties entitled to receive payments out of the gross amount as part of any securities lending agreements.

For the years ended	December 31, 2022	% of Gross Income	December 31, 2021	% of Gross Income
Gross securities lending income	\$747		\$1,772	
Withholding taxes	–	0.00%	(66)	3.72%
Lending Agents' fees:				
Bank of New York Mellon	(261)	34.94%	(597)	33.69%
Net securities lending income paid to the ETF	\$486	65.06%	\$1,109	62.59%

8. REDEEMABLE UNITS

The ETF is authorized to issue an unlimited number of redeemable, transferable Class E units each of which represents an equal, undivided interest in the net assets of the ETF. Each unit entitles the owner to one vote at meetings of unitholders. Each unit is entitled to participate equally with all other units with respect to all payments made to unitholders, other than management fee distributions, whether by way of income or capital distributions and, on liquidation, to participate equally in the net assets of the ETF remaining after satisfaction of any outstanding liabilities that are attributable to units of the ETF. All units will be fully paid and non-assessable, with no liability for future assessments, when issued and will not be transferable except by operation of law.

The redeemable units issued by the ETF provide an investor with the right to require redemption for cash at a value proportionate to the investor's share in the ETF's net assets at each redemption date and are classified as liabilities as a result of the ETF's requirement to distribute net income and capital gains to unitholders. The ETF's objectives in managing the redeemable units are to meet the ETF's investment objective, and to manage liquidity risk arising from redemptions. The ETF's management of liquidity risk arising from redeemable units is discussed in note 5.

On any Valuation Date, unitholders of the ETF may (i) redeem units of the ETF for cash at a redemption price per unit equal to 95% of the closing price for units of the ETF on the TSX on the effective day of the redemption, where the units being redeemed are not equal to a prescribed number of units ("PNU") or a multiple PNU; or (ii) redeem, less any applicable redemption charge as determined by the Manager in its sole discretion from time to time, a PNU or a multiple PNU of the ETF for cash equal to the net asset value of that number of units.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

For the Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

Units of the ETF are issued or redeemed on a daily basis at the net asset value per security that is determined as at 4:00 p.m. (Eastern Time) each Valuation Date. Purchase and redemption orders are subject to a 4:00 p.m. (Eastern Time) cutoff time on the business day before Valuation Date.

The ETF is required to distribute all of its income (including net realized capital gains) that it has earned in the year to such an extent that the ETF will not be liable for ordinary income tax thereon. Income earned by the ETF is distributed to unitholders at least once per year, if necessary, and any such amount distributed by the ETF will be paid as a “reinvested distribution”. Reinvested distributions on units of the ETF will be reinvested automatically in additional units of the ETF at a price equal to the net asset value per unit of the ETF on such day and the units of the ETF will be immediately consolidated such that the number of outstanding units of the ETF held by each unitholder on such day following the distribution will equal the number of units of the ETF held by the unitholder prior to the distribution. Reinvested distributions are reported as taxable distributions and used to increase each unitholder’s adjusted cost base for the ETF. Distributions paid to holders of redeemable units, if any, are recognized in the statements of changes in financial position.

Please consult the ETF’s most recent prospectus for a full description of the subscription and redemption features of the ETF’s units.

For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, the number of units issued by subscription, the number of units redeemed, the total and average number of units outstanding was as follows:

Year	Beginning Units Outstanding	Units Issued	Units Redeemed	Ending Units Outstanding	Average Units Outstanding
2022	912,650	23	(575,000)	337,673	731,839
2021	387,500	525,150	–	912,650	678,497

9. EXPENSES AND OTHER RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS
Management fees

The Manager provides, or oversees the provision of, administrative services required by the ETF including, but not limited to: negotiating contracts with certain third-party service providers, such as portfolio managers, custodians, registrars, transfer agents, auditors and printers; authorizing the payment of operating expenses incurred on behalf of the ETF; arranging for the maintenance of accounting records for the ETF; preparing reports to unitholders and to the applicable securities regulatory authorities; calculating the amount and determining the frequency of distributions by the ETF; preparing financial statements, income tax returns and financial and accounting information as required by the ETF; ensuring that unitholders are provided with financial statements and other reports as are required from time to time by applicable law; ensuring that the ETF complies with all other regulatory requirements, including the continuous disclosure obligations of the ETF under applicable securities laws; administering purchases, redemptions and other transactions in units of the ETF; and dealing and communicating with unitholders of the ETF. The Manager provides office facilities and personnel to carry out these services, if not otherwise furnished by any other service provider to the ETF. The Manager also monitors the investment strategies of the ETF to ensure that the ETF complies with its investment objectives, investment strategies and investment restrictions and practices.

In consideration for the provision of these services, the Manager receives a monthly management fee at the annual rate of 0.75%, plus applicable sales taxes, of the net asset value of the ETF, calculated and accrued daily and payable monthly in arrears.



Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

For the Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

Any expenses of the ETF that are waived or absorbed by the Manager are paid out of the management fees received by the Manager.

Other expenses

In addition to the management fees, unless otherwise waived or absorbed by the Manager, the ETF pays all of its operating expenses, including but not limited to: audit fees; trustee and custodial expenses; administration costs; valuation, accounting and record keeping costs; legal expenses; permitted prospectus preparation and filing expenses; costs associated with delivering documents to unitholders; listing and annual stock exchange fees; CDS Clearing and Depository Services Inc. fees; bank related fees and interest charges; extraordinary expenses; unitholder reports and servicing costs; registrar and transfer agent fees; costs associated with the Independent Review Committee; income taxes; sales taxes; brokerage expenses and commissions; and withholding taxes.

The Manager, at its discretion, may waive and/or absorb a portion of the fees and/or expenses otherwise payable by the ETF. The waiving and/or absorption of such fees and/or expenses by the Manager may be terminated at any time, or continued indefinitely, at the discretion of the Manager.

10. BROKER COMMISSIONS, SOFT DOLLARS AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Brokerage commissions paid on securities transactions may include amounts paid to related parties of the Manager for brokerage services provided to the ETF.

Research and system usage related services received in return for commissions generated with specific dealers are generally referred to as soft dollars.

Total brokerage commissions paid to dealers in connection with investment portfolio transactions, soft dollar transactions incurred and amounts paid to related parties of the Manager, if any, for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, were as follows:

Year Ended	Brokerage Commissions Paid	Soft Dollar Transactions	Amount Paid to Related Parties
December 31, 2022	\$8,544	\$3,200	\$nil
December 31, 2021	\$12,980	\$2,400	\$nil

In addition to the information contained in the table above, the management fees paid to the Manager described in note 9 are related party transactions, as the Manager is considered to be a related party to the ETF. Fees paid to the Independent Review Committee are also considered to be related party transactions. Both fees are disclosed in the statements of comprehensive income. The management fees payable by the ETF as at December 31, 2022 and 2021, are disclosed in the statements of financial position.

The ETF may invest in other ETFs managed by the Manager or its affiliates, in accordance with the ETF's investment objectives and strategies. Such investments, if any, are disclosed in the schedule of investments.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

For the Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

11. INCOME TAX

The ETF has qualified as a mutual fund trust under the *Income Tax Act* (Canada) (the “Tax Act”) and accordingly, is not taxed on the portion of taxable income that is paid or allocated to unitholders. As well, tax refunds (based on redemptions and realized and unrealized gains during the year) may be available that would make it possible to retain some net capital gains in the ETF without incurring any income taxes.

12. TAX LOSSES CARRIED FORWARD

Capital losses for income tax purposes may be carried forward indefinitely and applied against capital gains realized in future years. Non-capital losses carried forwards may be applied against future years’ taxable income. Non-capital losses that are realized in the current taxation year may be carried forward for 20 years. As at December 31, 2022, the ETF had net capital losses and/or non-capital losses, with the year of expiry of the non-capital losses as follows:

Net Capital Losses	Non-Capital Losses	Year of Expiry of the Non-Capital Losses
\$1,124,243	–	–

13. OFFSETTING OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

In the normal course of business, the ETF may enter into various master netting arrangements or other similar agreements that do not meet the criteria for offsetting in the statements of financial position but still allow for the related amounts to be set off in certain circumstances, such as bankruptcy or termination of the contracts. The following table shows financial instruments that may be eligible for offset, if such conditions were to arise, as at December 31, 2022 and 2021. The “Net” column displays what the net impact would be on the ETF’s statements of financial position if all amounts were set-off.

Financial Assets and Liabilities as at December 31, 2022	Amounts Offset (\$)			Amounts Not Offset (\$)		Net (\$)
	Gross Assets (Liabilities)	Gross Assets (Liabilities) Offset	Net Amounts	Financial Instruments	Cash Collateral Pledged	
Derivative assets	18,032	–	18,032	–	–	18,032
Derivative liabilities	(610)	–	(610)	–	–	(610)

Financial Assets and Liabilities as at December 31, 2021	Amounts Offset (\$)			Amounts Not Offset (\$)		Net (\$)
	Gross Assets (Liabilities)	Gross Assets (Liabilities) Offset	Net Amounts	Financial Instruments	Cash Collateral Pledged	
Derivative assets	155,377	–	155,377	–	–	155,377
Derivative liabilities	–	–	–	–	–	–

**Notes to Financial Statements** (continued)

For the Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

14. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES, ASSOCIATES AND UNCONSOLIDATED STRUCTURED ENTITIES

The ETF may invest in units of other ETFs as part of its investment strategies (“Investee ETF(s)”). The nature and purpose of these Investee ETFs generally, is to manage assets on behalf of third party investors in accordance with their investment objectives, and are financed through the issue of units to investors.

In determining whether the ETF has control or significant influence over an Investee ETF, the ETF assesses voting rights, the exposure to variable returns, and its ability to use the voting rights to affect the amount of the returns. In instances where the ETF has control over an Investee ETF, the ETF qualifies as an investment entity under IFRS 10 – Consolidated Financial Statements, and therefore accounts for investments it controls at fair value through profit and loss. The ETF’s primary purpose is defined by its investment objectives and uses the investment strategies available to it as defined in the ETF’s prospectus to meet those objectives. The ETF also measures and evaluates the performance of any Investee ETFs on a fair value basis.

Investee ETFs over which the ETF has control or significant influence are categorized as subsidiaries and associates, respectively. All other Investee ETFs are categorized as unconsolidated structured entities. Investee ETFs may be managed by the Manager, its affiliates, or by third-party managers.

Investments in Investee ETFs are susceptible to market price risk arising from uncertainty about future values of those Investee ETFs. The maximum exposure to loss from interests in Investee ETFs is equal to the total fair value of the investment in those respective Investee ETFs at any given point in time. The fair value of Investee ETFs, if any, are disclosed in investments in the statements of financial position and listed in the schedule of investments. As at December 31, 2022 and 2021 the ETF did not have material exposure to subsidiaries, associates or unconsolidated structured entities.

15. COMPARATIVE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Certain information in the comparative notes to the financial statements for 2021 has been included to conform to the financial statement presentation adopted for 2022.

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